



The ASI/CGS operational combination for the ILRS Pos+EOP Pilot Project

C. Sciarretta, V. Luceri

(cecilia@asi.it; luceri@asi.it)

ILRS AWG Meeting 22-23 April 2004, Nice, France

Scope

To illustrate ASI/CGS weekly combined solution in terms of

- method selection & implementation (quickly)
- updated results (up to 040410 solution)

within the frame of ILRS Pos+EOP Pilot Project

Our combined solution is based on the implementation of the loose combination method adapted to the operational reqs of the project.

Possible Solution Combination approaches

Basically one can distinguish two distinct approaches that allow the combination of independent geodetic solutions.

• Fiducial

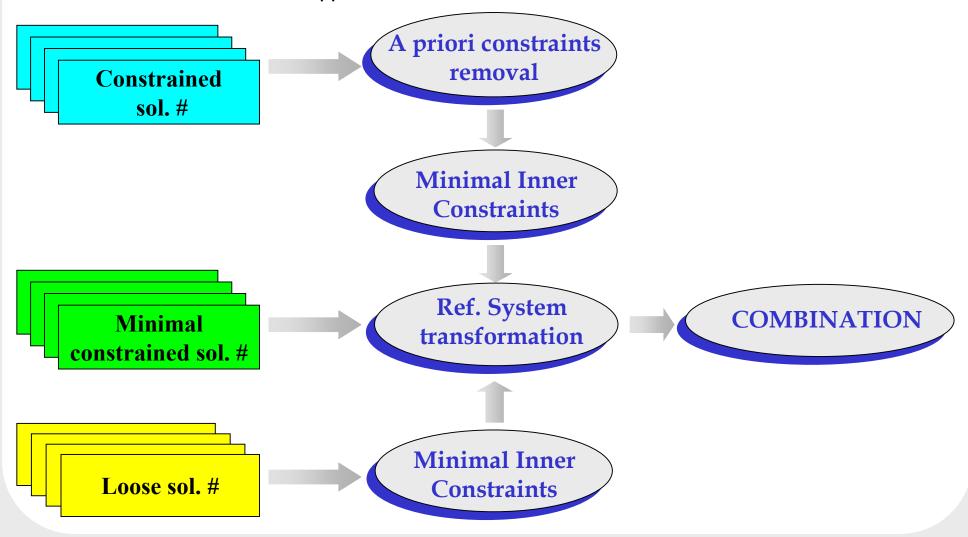
Each solution is transformed to a conventional reference frame where parameters combination takes place. The reference frame (datum) is part of the combination scheme, and dictates the applied constraints.

· Loose

Direct combination of loose constraint solutions. The reference frame is defined stochastically and is unknown, no constraints are applied.

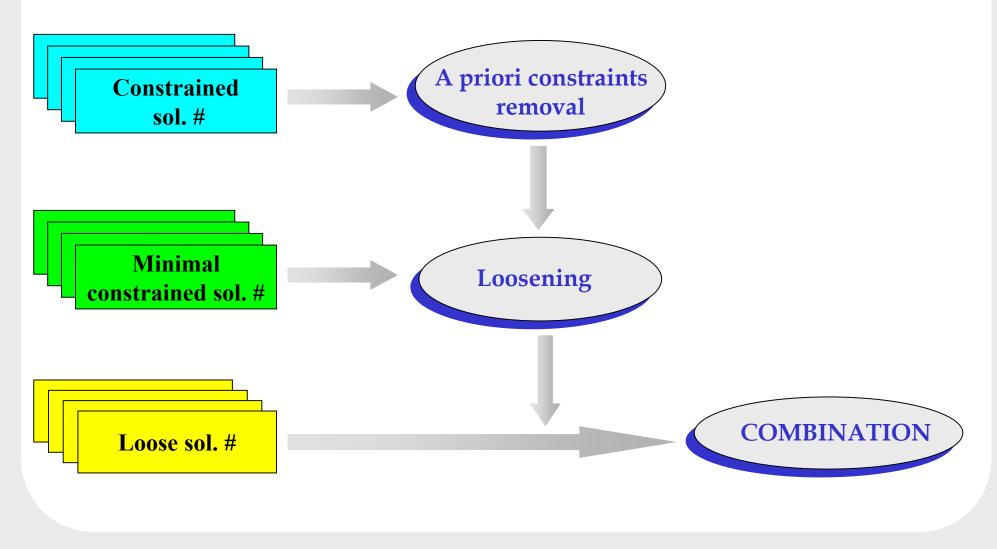
Fiducial approach (1/2)

The approach foresees the combination of solutions in the same reference frame. Since each solution has its own reference frame, at least a Helmert transformation shall be applied to each solution.



Loose approach (2/2)

The approach foresees an automatic combination of loose solutions without estimating and removing a relative rotation between their reference frames. A preprocessing is necessary in case of constrained solutions.



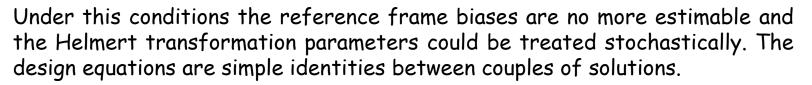
Combination equations

The solution covariance matrix can be <u>loosened</u> in order to artificially enlarge the reference frame uncertainties.

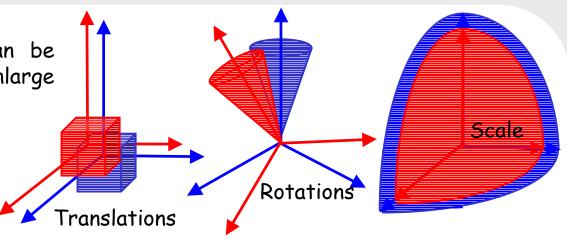
$$\mathbf{C'} = \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{A}\mathbf{L}\mathbf{A}^{\mathrm{T}}$$

where:

- C' is the 'loosened' covariance matrix
- **C** is the solution covariance matrix
- A is the design matrix as defined above
- L is a diagonal matrix defining the degree of looseness



$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Site Coordinates} \\ \text{Site Velocities} \\ \text{Site Velocities} \\ \text{Site Velocities} \\ \text{E.O.P. partes} \\ \text{E.O.P. partes} \\ \text{E.O.P. partes} \end{array} = \mathbf{P} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{X}_{0}(t_{0}) \\ \dot{\mathbf{X}}_{1} \\ \mathbf{Y}_{1}(t_{1j}) \\ \dot{\mathbf{Y}}_{1}(t_{1j}) \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{P} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{X}_{0}(t_{0}) \\ \dot{\mathbf{X}}_{0} \\ \mathbf{Y}_{0}(t_{0j}) \\ \dot{\mathbf{Y}}_{0}(t_{0j}) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{I} & (t_{1} - t_{0})\mathbf{I} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \mathbf{I} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{I} & (t_{1j} - t_{0j})\mathbf{I} \\ \mathbf{Y}_{0}(t_{0j}) \\ \dot{\mathbf{Y}}_{0}(t_{0j}) \end{pmatrix}$$



The ASI/CGS combination service for ILRS

Service operational requirements

Frequency: weekly

Issue: within 24:00 UT each Wednesday (CD)

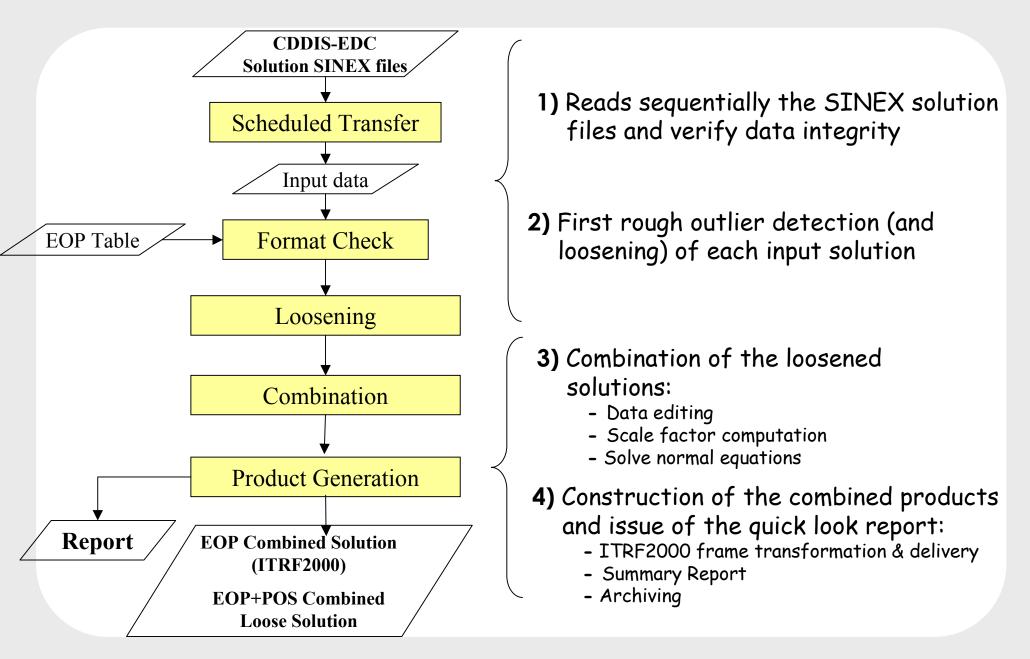
Input: AC solution SINEX files available at 24:00 UT the day before (CD-1) **Parameters:** Site Coordinates and EOP (x, y, LOD)

Procedure strategy

- Pre-processing (format check, loosening)
- Combination (normals, editing, iterations)
- Quality check and delivery

The whole processing chain is completely automated

Procedure overview



Procedure remarks

- The implemented SW procedure has been realized in the Matlab environment (Matlab functions + F90 subroutines).
- At present, the procedure runs on a PC; we plan to move it to HP WS.
- The procedure is completely automated and can be activated without human intervention.

Scale factor estimation

The solution scale factor f_i is such that the **reduced** χ^2 of the combination is close to unity and that each solution contribution to the total χ^2 is equally balanced. The first guess for the combination is obtained with f_i =1 for each solution:

Condition 1:

$$\chi^{2} = R_{1}^{T} C_{1}^{-1} R_{1} + \dots + R_{i}^{T} C_{i}^{-1} R_{i} = 1$$

Condition 2:

$$R_1^T (f_1 C_1)^{-1} R_1 = \dots = R_i^T (f_i C_i)^{-1} R_i$$

$$\Rightarrow f_i = \frac{N}{DoF} R_i^T (C_i)^{-1} R_i$$

Where R_i and C_i are respectively the solution residuals and covariance matrix, N the number of contributing solutions, and DoF the solution degrees of freedom.

Example of estimated variance-covariance scale factor

Solution week	ASI-	DGFI	GFZ-	NERC	JCET
031008	7	15	11	32	-
031015	12	25	10	29	-
031022	11	30	10	39	-
031029	25	-	6	-	-
040310	5	5	6	4	2
040317	4	6	2	2	5
040324	4	8	5	5	3
040331	6	4	4	2	3

Contributing input solutions

ASI, DGFI, GFZ, NERC and JCET 28-d and 7-d weekly solutions have been combined. Solutions contain SSC and EOP according to the ILRS Pos+EOP Pilot Projects requirements, and have different characteristics listed below.

Contributing Solutions	ILRS contribution start	ASI combination start	SINEX Solution Covariance Information	LOOSENESS (7-day weekly solutions)				
				Translations mm		Rotations mas		Scale ppb
				Тх, Ту	Tz	Rx, Ry	Rz	
				"order of"				
ASI	030630	030714	U COVA	1	2	8	15	0.10
DGFI	030707	030714	L COVA	1	2	4	8	0.10
GFZ	030630	030922	L INFO	1	2	10	10	0.10
NERC	031006	031006	L COVA	2	5	3	5	0.20
JCET	040221	040221	U COVA	2	5	5	10	0.10

Input solutions features vs SW procedure

Several features of the contributing solutions (e.g. the covariance issue), the new requirement on arc length, SINEX format imprecisions have contributed to the evolution of the SW procedure from an initial, prototype version to a more refined and operationally robust version.

Issued products

· EOP-only SINEX file (ITRF2000-framed solution)

Header, File/Reference, Input/History, Solution/Statistics, Solution/Estimate, Solution/Matrix_Estimate L Cova

Pos+EOP SINEX file (loose solution)

Header, File/Reference, Input/History, Solution/Statistics, Solution/Epochs, Site/Id, Site/Eccentricity, Solution/Estimate, Solution/Matrix_Estimate L Cova

Summary Report

Summary Report

Centro Geodesia Spaziale, Agenzia Spaziale Italiana, Matera, ITALY Report on the combination of ILRS solutions. File: asi.pos+eop.yymmdd.sum Software: CoGeoS/Matlab Hardware: PC PentiumIII Contact: cecilia.sciarretta@asi.it

CONTRIBUTING SOLUTIONS

Legend:

Core Sites are labeled with a 'C' after the site ID. Edited Sites are labeled with an asterisk '*' before the site ID Edited EOP values are labeled with an asterisk '*' after the epoch

CHECKING SINEX FILES

Summary Report (cont'd)

for each contributing solution sol1.yymmdd.snx **ITRF2000 TRANSFORMATION:** estimated Helmert parameters [mm, mas, ppm] Τx Ty TzScale Rx Ry Rz Site coordinate residuals with respect to ITRF2000 [mm] Sigma's scaled by the factor: sqrt(chi2) = x.xx Z siqX siqY siqZ Dome Num. Site X Y 3-DWRMS Global WRMS of 3-D residuals: xx.xx mm EOP residuals with respect to Bull.A (daily), after ITRF2000 transformation [µas, µs] X-pole Y-pole LOD siq-X siq-Y siqLOD EPOCH mjd (uas) (uas) (us) (uas) (us) . . . **W-MEAN** (µas) xxx.x XXX.X xxx.x STD (µas) XXX.X XXX.X XXX.X Preliminary editing factor: 10.0

Number of manually edited parameters: N

Summary Report (cont'd)

COMBINED ASI SOLUTION

SUMMARY OF COMBINATION PROCESS

INPUT SINEX FILES: # Agency Filenames Sites EOP EOPr Edit Scale ChiSquare Pars

GLOBAL RESULTS:

Number of iterations, ChiSquare, RedChiSq, Estimated parameters, DoF, Editing Factor, No. of edited parameters

RESIDUALS WITH RESPECT TO THE COMBINED SOLUTION

Coordinate	residuals	(WRMS)	[mm]:				
Х	Y	Z	Up	East	North	Global	Edited
• • •							

EOP RESIDUALS [µas, µs]:

Weighted Mea	an	Weighted	RMS (about	the mean)	Edited	I
Σ	У У	LOD	Х	Y	LOD	
(µa	as) (µas)	(µs)	(µas)	(µas)	(µs)	

Summary Report (cont'd)

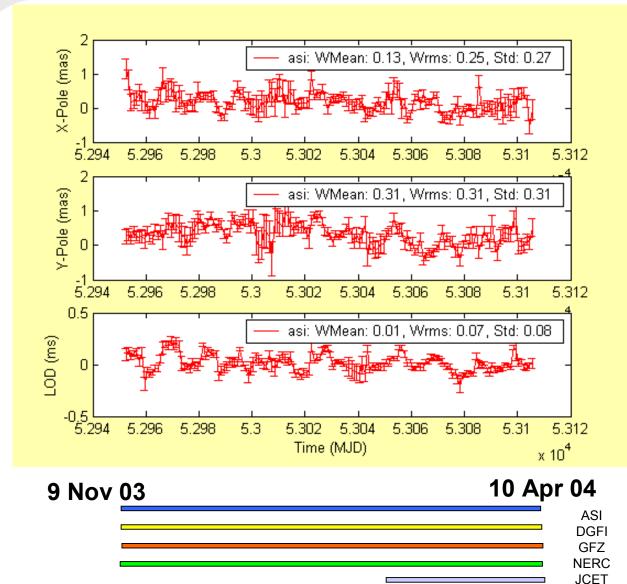
TRANSFORMATION PARAMETERS WITH RESPECT TO THE COMBINED SOLUTION								
Estimated Helm Tx	ert paramete Ty	rs [mm, mas, p Tz Sca	-	Rx		Ry	Rz	
TRANSFORMATION	ON ITRF2000							
estimated Helm Tx			pm] ale	Rx		Ry	Rz	
Site coordinate residuals with respect to ITRF2000 [mm] Sigma's scaled by the factor: sqrt(chi2) =								
Dome Num. Site	X	Y	Z sigX	sigY	sigZ	3-DWRMS		
Global WRMS of 3-D residuals: xx.xx mm								
EPOCH mjd	_	le Y-pole (µas)		-	sig-Y (µas)	•		
W-MEAN (µas) STD (µas)								

Analysis results

In the following slides several results of the combined solution time series are presented.

EOP are the main objective of the solution, to contribute to the IERS operational products; combined site coordinates, anyway, are useful to verify the quality of the solution, in terms of comparison w.r.t. ITRF2000 and w.r.t other combined solutions.

ASI combined solution vs IERS EOP



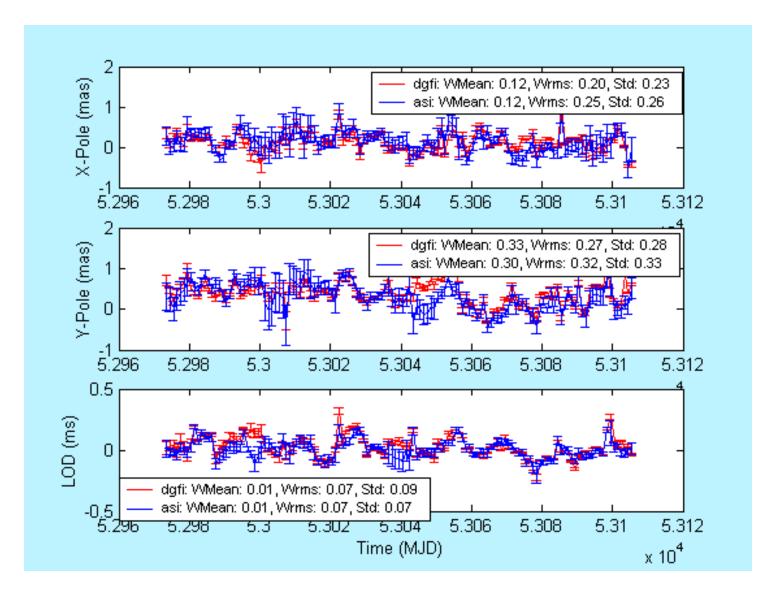
IERS EOP "finals.data" as reference

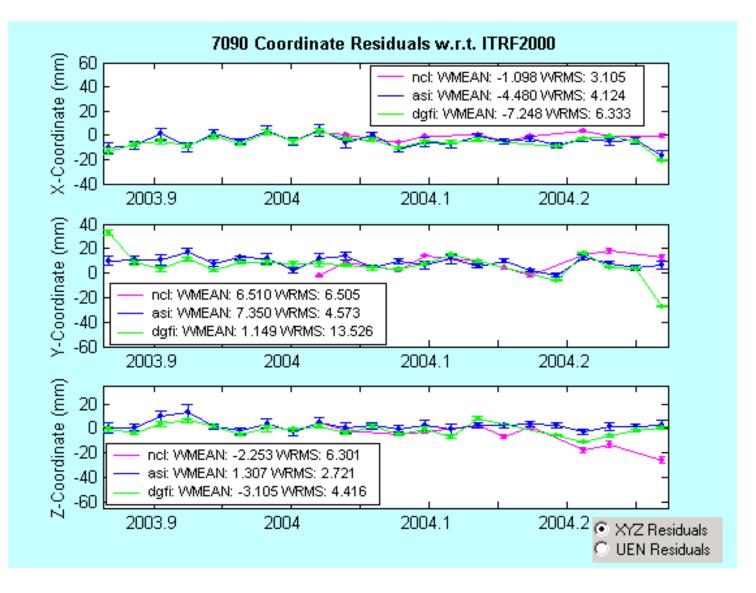
ASI 7-day weekly combined solutions only

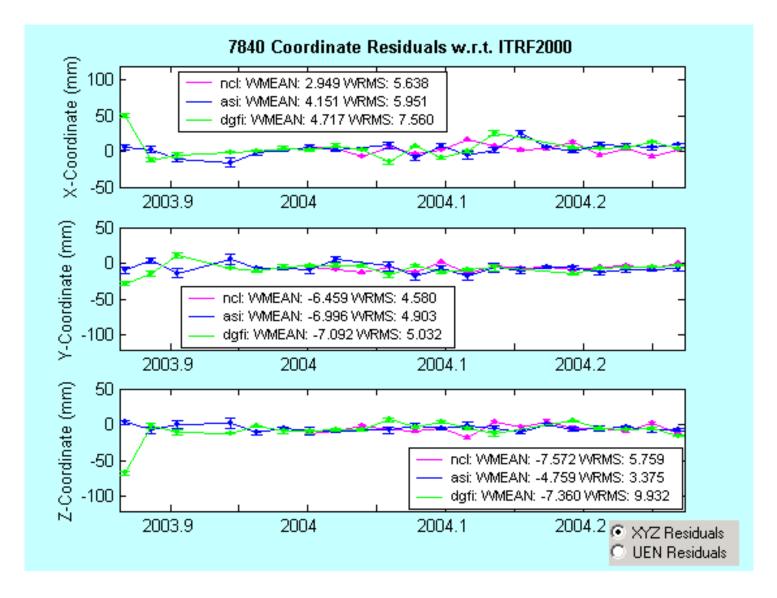
ASI combined solutions 040117 and 040131 have been recomputed!

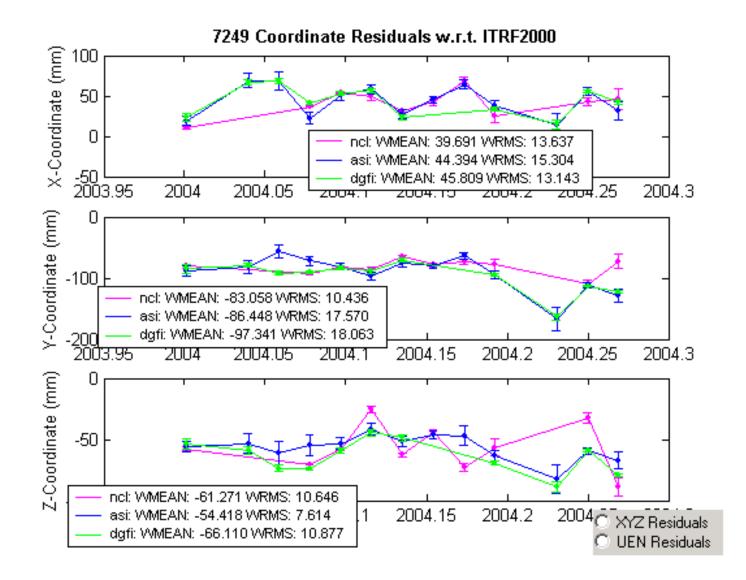
EOP Comparison ASI/DGFI

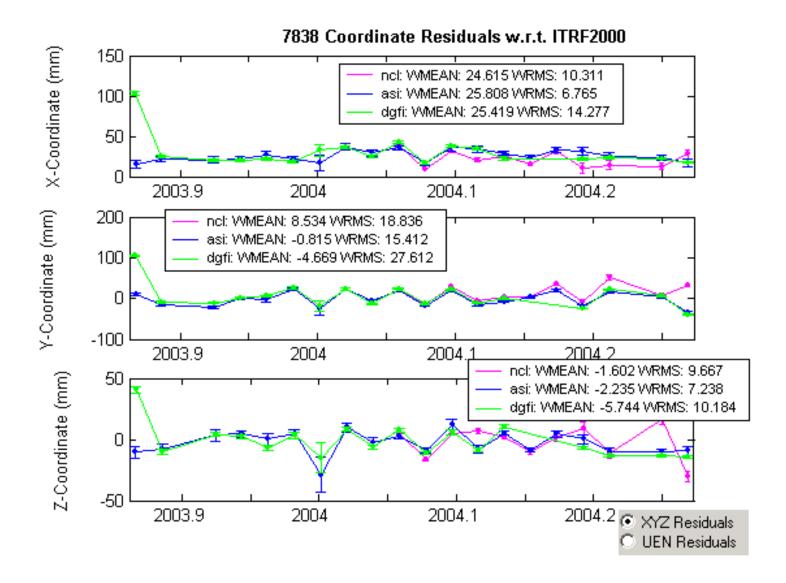
031206 - 040410





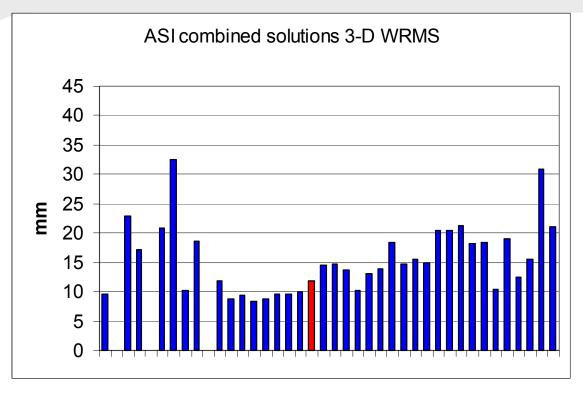


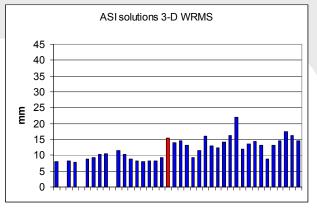


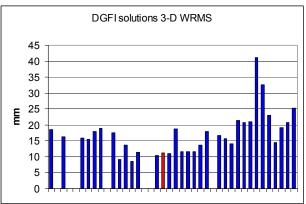


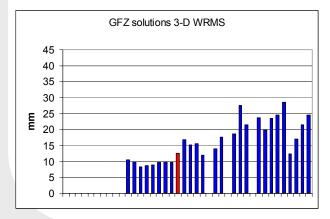
Global WRMS of 3-D position residuals vs time

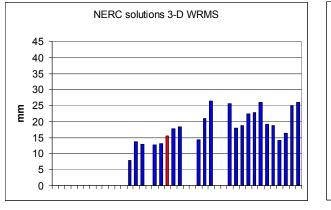
030716 - 040410

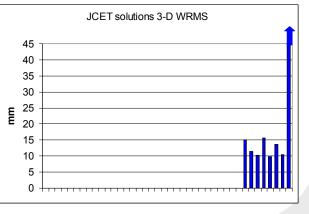












Conclusive remarks

- ASI combined solution for ILRS Pos+EOP Pilot Project has been submitted since 030716, regularly (in terms of frequency and of contributing solutions handled) since 030924. It is compliant with the Pilot Project reqs after 031115 (7-day arc solutions).
- ASI combined solution implements a 'loose' approach within a fully automated procedure.
- The implemented 'loose' approach has provided consistent results with respect to the apriori reference values (IERS Bulletin A, ITRF2000) and with respect to the other combined solutions.

Conclusive remarks (cont'd)

•The 3-D WRMS of the coordinate residuals (w.r.t. ITRF2000) of the ASI 7-day combined weekly solutions, is about 15 mm (10 mm for the 28-day combined weekly solution).

•The 3 combined solutions (ASI, DGFI, NCL) show similar behavior for site coordinates time series.

•EOP & EOP-rate residuals (w.r.t. IERS Bulletin A):

-the Wmean of the ASI combined X and Y pole residuals are about 0.1 an 0.3 mas respectively, with a scatter about 0.3 mas;

-LOD residuals are on the order of 0.01 ms with a scatter of 0.07 ms;

-similar patterns are visible in the residual time series of different combined solutions (ASI, DGFI)