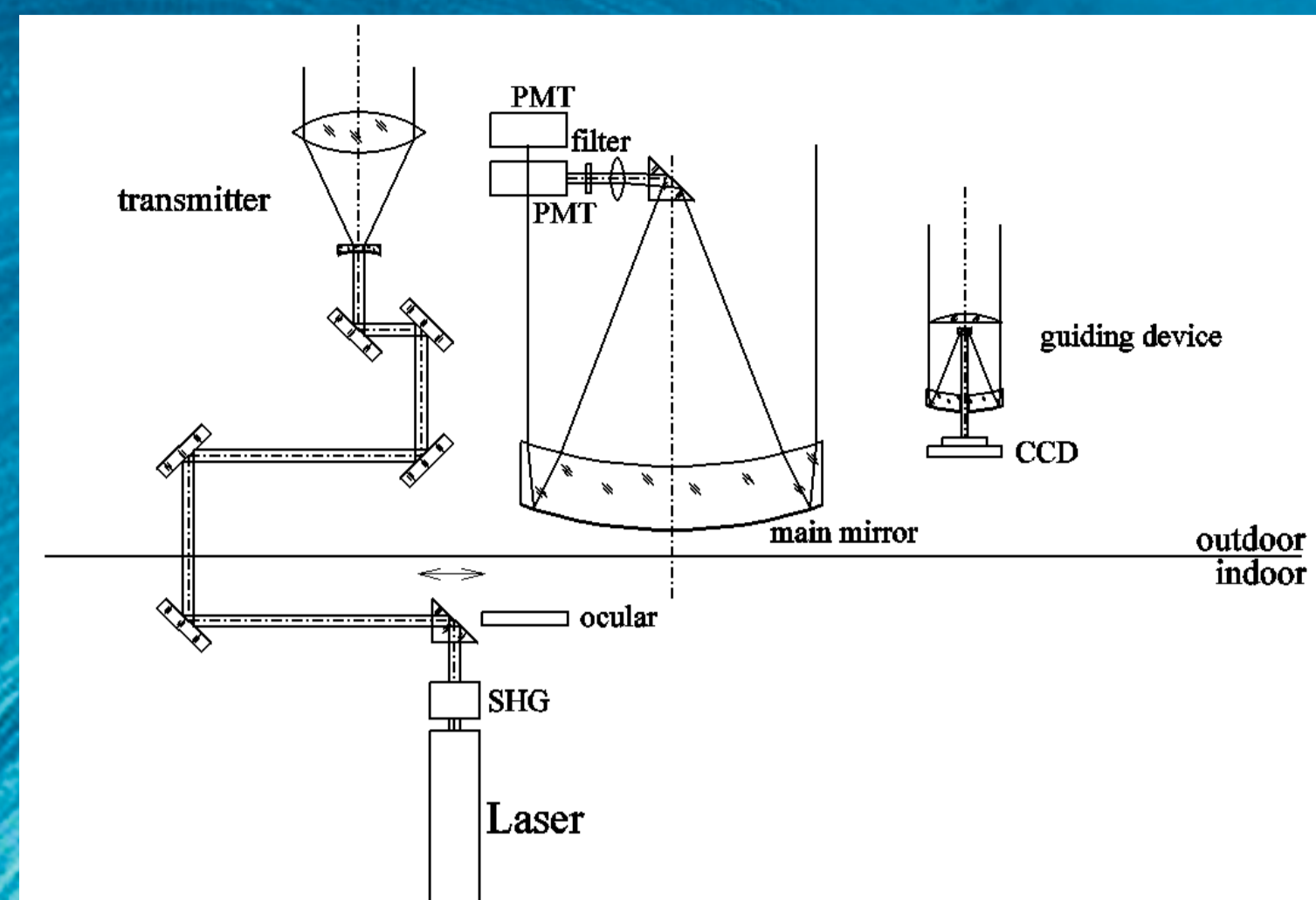




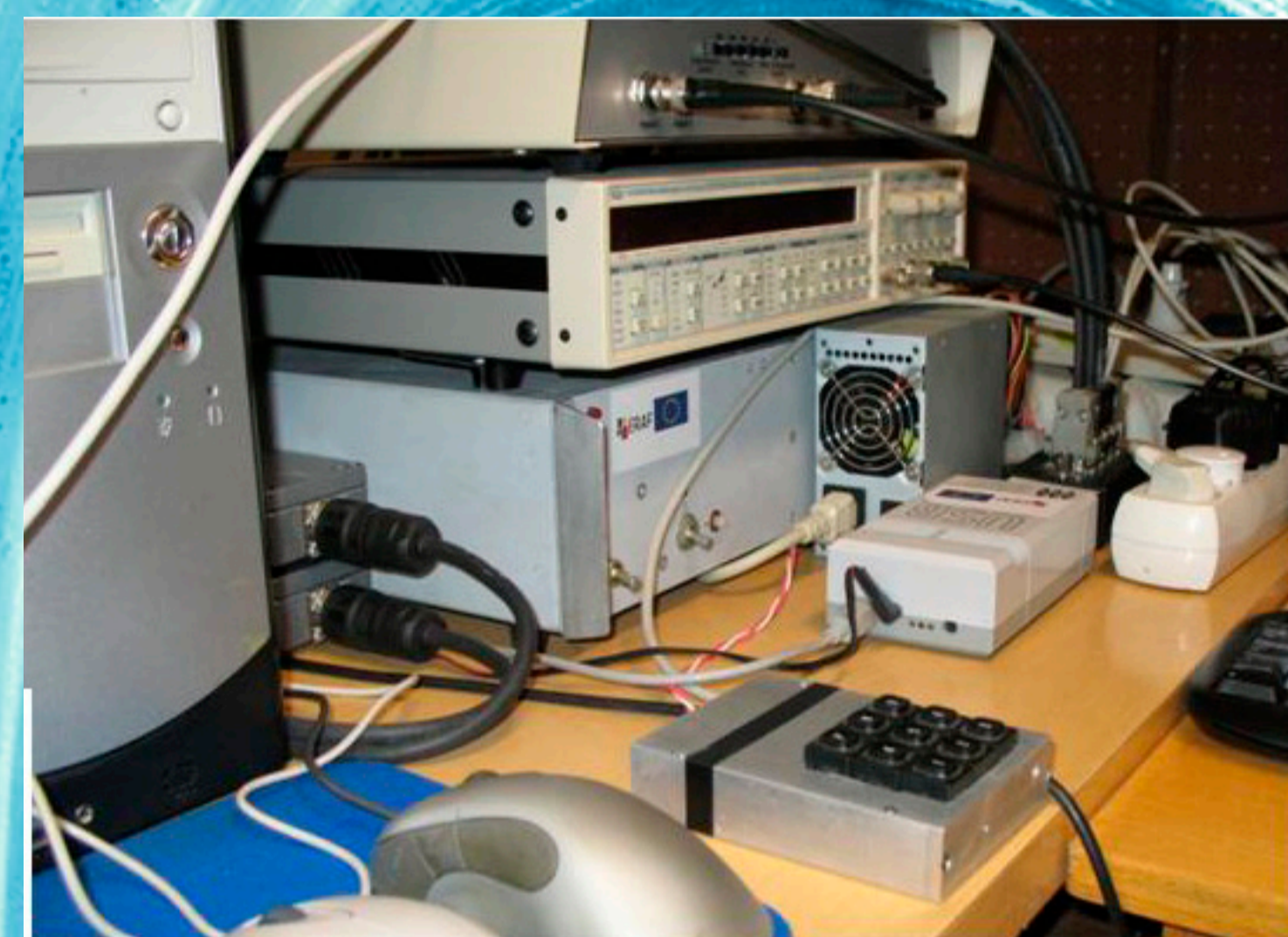
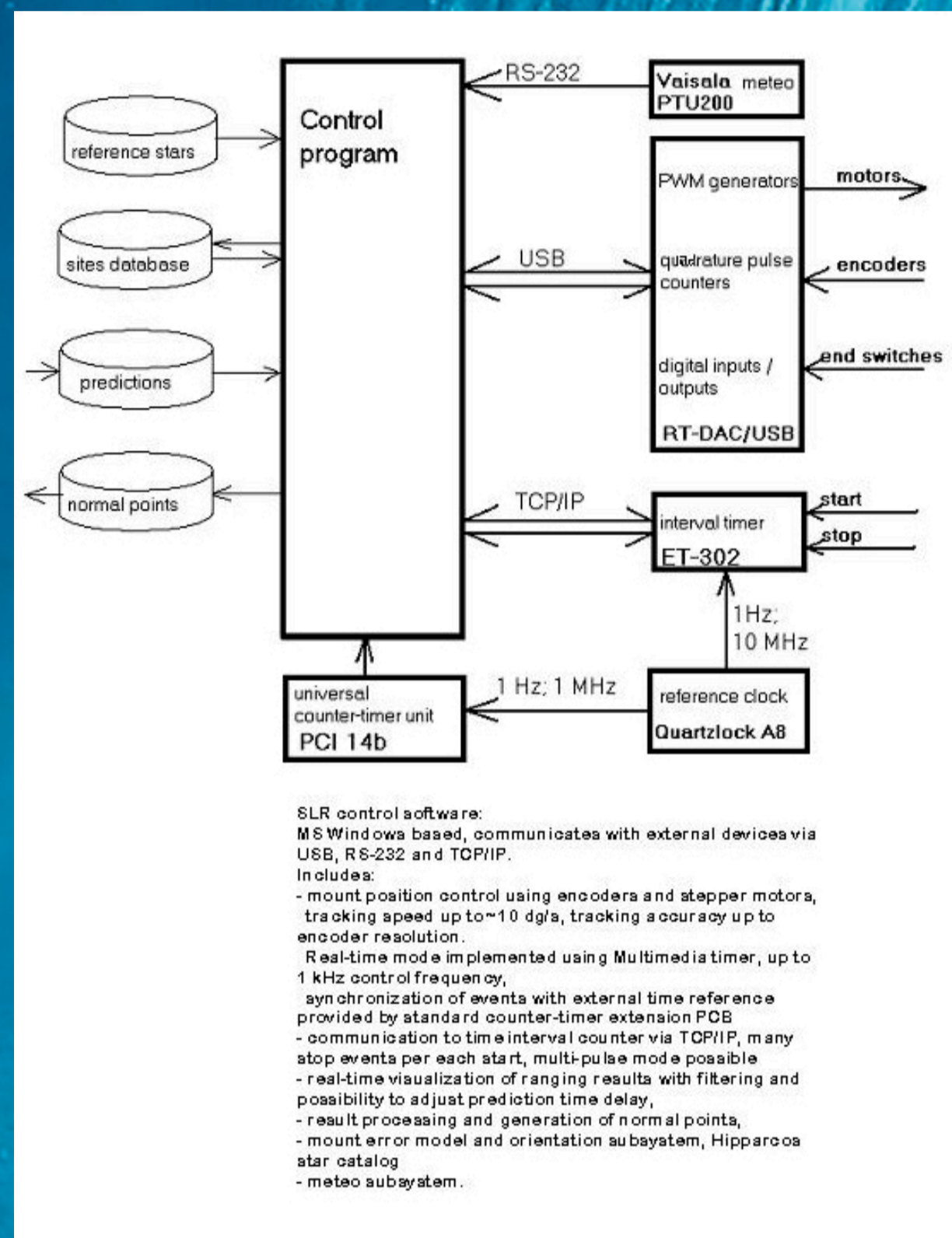
SLR for LEO Ranging

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Already 2 years around since SLR for Low Earth Orbiters (LEO) ranging has been operational at the Institute of Geodesy and Geoinformation (GGI). The test observations has approved the capability of SLR for LEO ranging, including LAGEOS, ERS2, ENVISAT, Ajisai and others. Regular observations has not been performed because of different social reasons. However, the SLR system is operational. The SLR hardware and control software is designed in GGI by additionally integrating advanced industrially produced hardware components. The experience gained by the SLR personnel in Riga and in Australia has been applied. There is an alt/alt original small size telescope mount, EKSPLA diode pumped 17 mJ laser used with a repetition rate 50 Hz and a 35 ps pulse width. A032-ET event timer and the Quartzlock (UK) GPS time service applied. Hamamatsu PMT used. SLR is placed on the roof of 150 years old 5 storey University building. The manual corrections for both the satellite tracking and the laser beam pointing has been applied by using digital imagery on the screen of computer. The guiding corrections has been applied by watching the digital imagery of the sky on the computer screen which has been obtained using sensitive CCD matrix.



Laser beam pointing correction motors



Mount control hardware

- Compumotor S57-51P stepper motors,
- Heidenhain RON 200 incremental encoders: 72° divisions; interpolated to 0.7° per division,
- InTeCo RT-DAC USB data acquisition and control:
 - PWM generators (2.4 Hz ... 156 kHz),
 - quadrature pulse counters,
 - digital inputs/outputs for servo sensors
 - timer time acquisition.
- QuartzLock A8-B GPS-disciplined quartz frequency Standard,
- ET-302 event timer,
- Vaisala PTU200 meteo station.



The EUPOS-RIGA GNSS network is surrounding SLR site. The system has been developed in co-operation of Municipal surveying company "Rīga Geofirma" and GGI. It consists of EUPOS-RIGA GNSS RTK five reference station network located at distances from 20 m till 17 km to SLR. The GNSS clock ring antennas calibrated in Carlsberg, Germany. The heights of antennas were additionally controlled by levelling to the 1-2 order levelling benchmarks. The analysis centre server's placement is at the Institute of Geodesy and Geoinformation close to the SLR control unit. The Geo++ network solution software GNSMART is used. EUPOS-RIGA is operational more than 5 years and its RTCM correction data has been used for the research control of the levelling network. In daily routine they has been used by solely land surveyors till now. However, all the collected GNSS observations has been stored for the further research. The computation of the time series of LATPOS and EUPOS-RIGA are in process now.

Recently the construction of the digital zenith camera for the studies of vertical deflection has been commenced in GGI.

Lageos



Coordinate determination using GNSS



Calibration

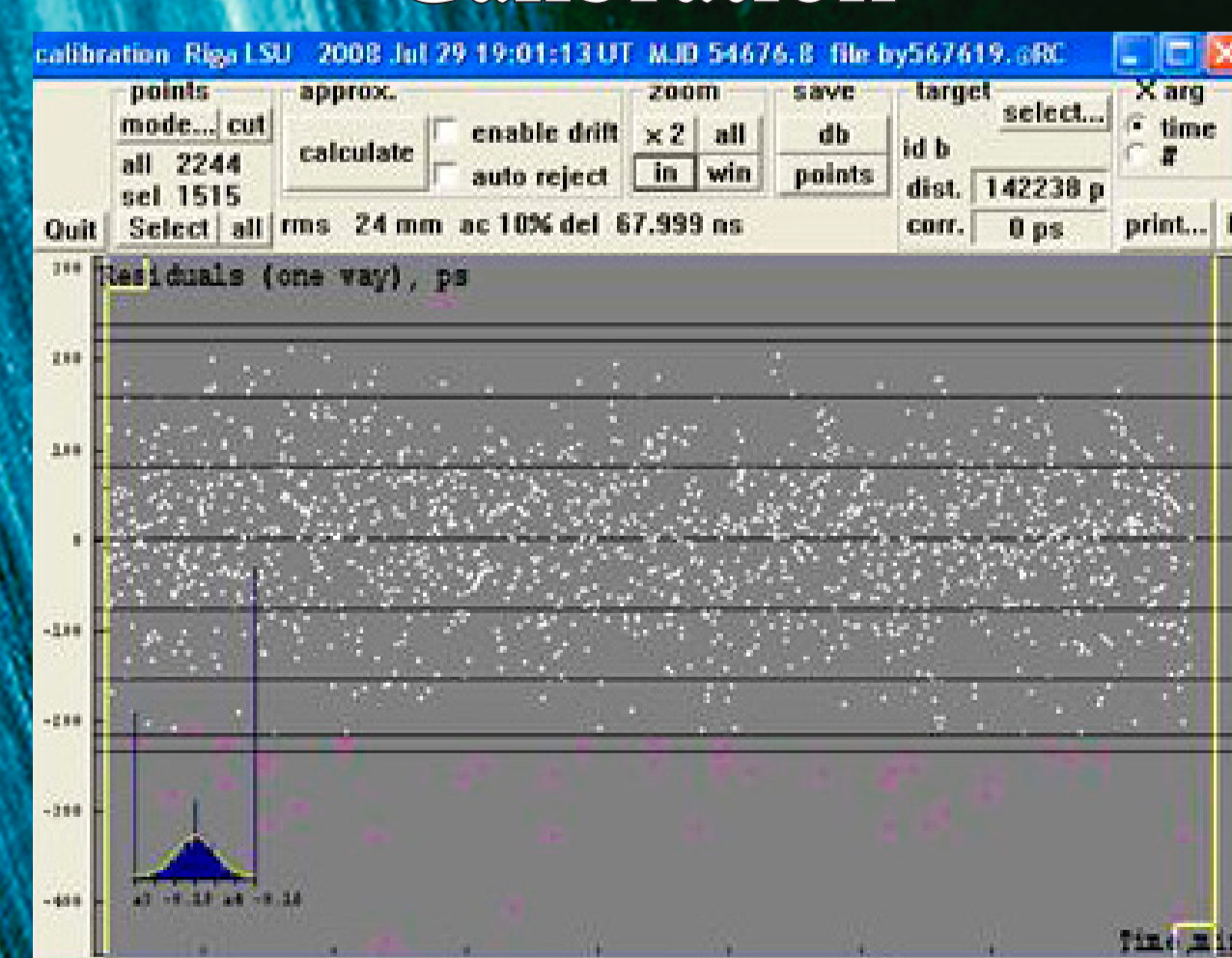


Table 1. SLR test results

Date	Satellite	Points	RMS (cm)	NP	RMS (cm)
1 2009 04 13	Ajisai	661	3.1	9	0.64
2 2009 04 16	Jason2	752	4.0	9	0.54
3 2009 04 16	Ajisai	631	4.7	6	0.62
4 2009 10 06	Ajisai	1894	4.2	13	0.70
5 2009 10 06	Jason1	9	1.7		
6 2010 04 13	Lageos1	33	1.9	2	1.01
7 2010 04 19	Lageos2	58	2.1	3	0.66
8 2010 04 19	ERS2	368	2.7	11	1.0
9 2010 04 20	Lageos1	97	3.4	2	0.54
10 2010 04 26	ENVISAT	1212	2.7	16	0.70
11 2010 04 26	ERS2	1539	2.3	17	0.41
12 2010 04 27	Jason2	210	3.1	10	0.65